



# ClearColi<sup>®</sup> BL21(DE3) Electrocompetent Cells

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR HUMAN OR DIAGNOSTIC USE



IMPORTANT!

**-80°C Storage Required**

Immediately Upon Receipt

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MA145 Rev. E

# ClearColi<sup>®</sup> BL21(DE3) Electrocompetent Cells

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## Table of Contents

Limited Use License .....	2
Components & Storage Conditions.....	3
ClearColi Electrocompetent Cells .....	3
IMPORTANT Information About Medium Formulation .....	6
Endotoxin and ClearColi Cells .....	6
Preparation for Transformation .....	8
Transformation Protocol.....	9
Protein Induction Protocol .....	9
Media Recipes.....	11
Related Products.....	11
Legal Information.....	12

## Technical Support

Lucigen is dedicated to the success and satisfaction of our customers. Our products are tested to assure they perform as specified when used according to our recommendations. It is imperative that the reagents supplied by the user are of the highest quality. Please follow the instructions carefully and contact our technical service representatives if additional information is necessary. We encourage you to contact us with your comments regarding the performance of our products in your applications. Thank you.

### Lucigen Technical Support:

Email: [techserv@lucigen.com](mailto:techserv@lucigen.com)

Phone: (888) 575-9695

Product Guarantee: Lucigen guarantees that this product will perform as specified for one year from the date of shipment. Please avoid using reagents for greater than one year from receipt.

## Limited Use License

If you are a commercial entity, your ClearColi kit purchase comes with a 12-month Limited Use License from Research Corporation Technologies.

Please refer to Legal Information (p. 12) or this URL for the terms of use:

<http://clearcoli.com/licensing/limited-use-license-2/>

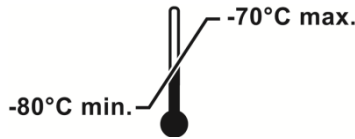
If you disagree with the terms of use, you have 10 days to contact Lucigen Corp. for permission to return unused cells.

Contact Lucigen at: [custserv@lucigen.com](mailto:custserv@lucigen.com)

# ClearColi<sup>®</sup> BL21(DE3) Electrocompetent Cells

## Components & Storage Conditions

All ClearColi<sup>®</sup> Competent Cells require storage at **-80° C**.



### ClearColi BL21(DE3) Electrocompetent Cells

STRAIN	Efficiency (cfu/μg pUC19)	Transformations	Catalog #	Storage
ClearColi BL21(DE3) Electrocompetent Cells (White cap)	>1 x 10 <sup>9</sup> cfu/ug	12 (6 x 50 μl) 24 (12 x 50 μl)	60810-1 60810-2	<b>-80°C</b>
Expression Recovery Medium (lactose minus)*	--	12 (1 x 12 ml) 24 (2 x 12 ml)	--	<b>-20 to -80°C</b>
Supercoiled pUC19 DNA (10 pg/μL)	--	1 x 20 μl	--	<b>-20 to -80°C</b>

As a control for transformation, ClearColi Electrocompetent Cells are provided with supercoiled pUC19 DNA at a concentration of 10 pg/μl. Use 1 μl for transformation.

\* Additional Expression Recovery Medium (lactose minus) can be ordered separately as catalog # 80030-1, 96 ml (8 x 12 ml).

## Expiration Dating

ClearColi competent cells are guaranteed for performance for 1 year after receipt of the product. Do not use this product past the expiration date. If you experience technical performance issues or have general questions, please contact Lucigen at [techserv@lucigen.com](mailto:techserv@lucigen.com)

## ClearColi Electrocompetent Cells

### Introduction to ClearColi Technology

ClearColi<sup>®</sup> BL21(DE3) cells are the first commercially available competent cells with a modified LPS (Lipid IV<sub>A</sub> - see Fig. 1) that does not trigger the endotoxic response in human cells. ClearColi cells lack outer membrane agonists for hTLR4/MD-2 activation; therefore, activation of hTLR4/MD-2 signaling by ClearColi<sup>®</sup> is several orders of magnitude lower as compared with *E. coli* wild-type cells. Heterologous proteins prepared from ClearColi<sup>®</sup> are virtually free of endotoxic activity. After minimal purification from ClearColi cells, proteins or plasmids (which may contain Lipid IV<sub>A</sub>) can be used in most applications without eliciting an endotoxic response in human cells (see Fig. 2).

In ClearColi cells, two of the secondary acyl chains of the normally hexa-acylated LPS have been deleted, eliminating a key determinant of endotoxicity in eukaryotic cells. The six acyl chains of the LPS are the trigger which is recognized by the Toll-like receptor 4 (TLR4) in complex with myeloid differentiation factor 2 (MD-2), causing activation of NF-κB and production of proinflammatory cytokines. The deletion of the two secondary acyl chains results in lipid IV<sub>A</sub>, which does not induce formation of the

# ClearColi<sup>®</sup> BL21(DE3) Electrocompetent Cells

activated heterotetrameric TLR4/MD-2 complex and thus does not trigger the endotoxic response. In addition, the oligosaccharide chain is deleted, making it easier to remove the resulting lipid IV<sub>A</sub> from any downstream product.

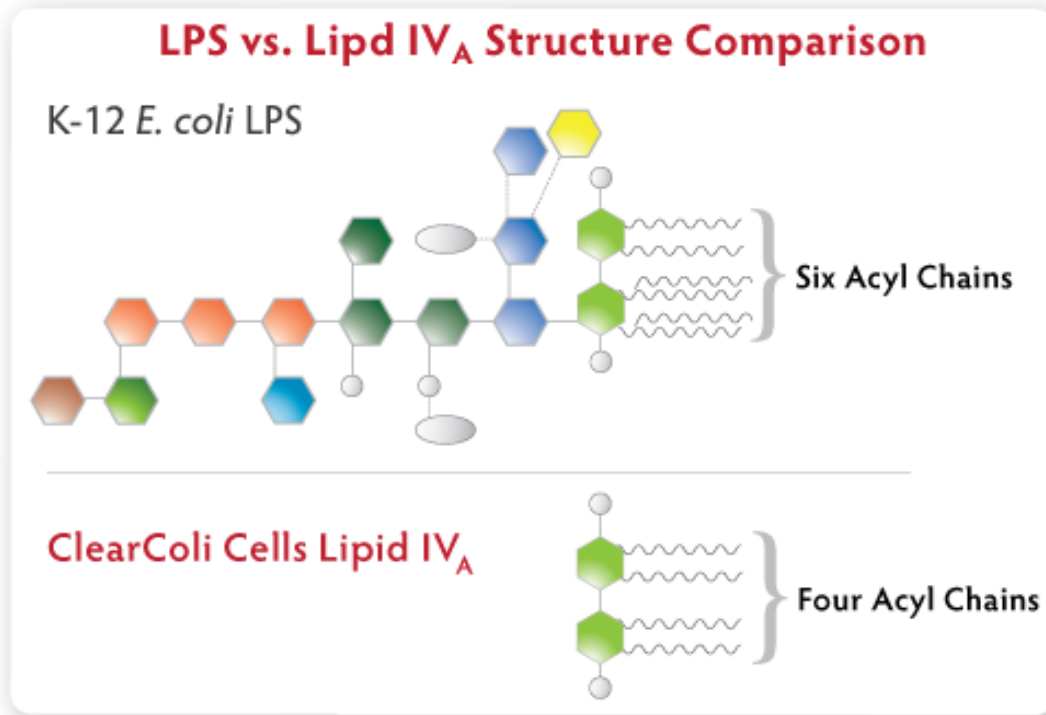


Figure 1. The LPS of normal *E. coli* cells compared to the genetically modified Lipid IV<sub>A</sub> from ClearColi cells. In ClearColi, the oligosaccharide chain is deleted, and two of the six acyl chains are removed to disable the endotoxin signal.

# ClearColi<sup>®</sup> BL21(DE3) Electrocompetent Cells

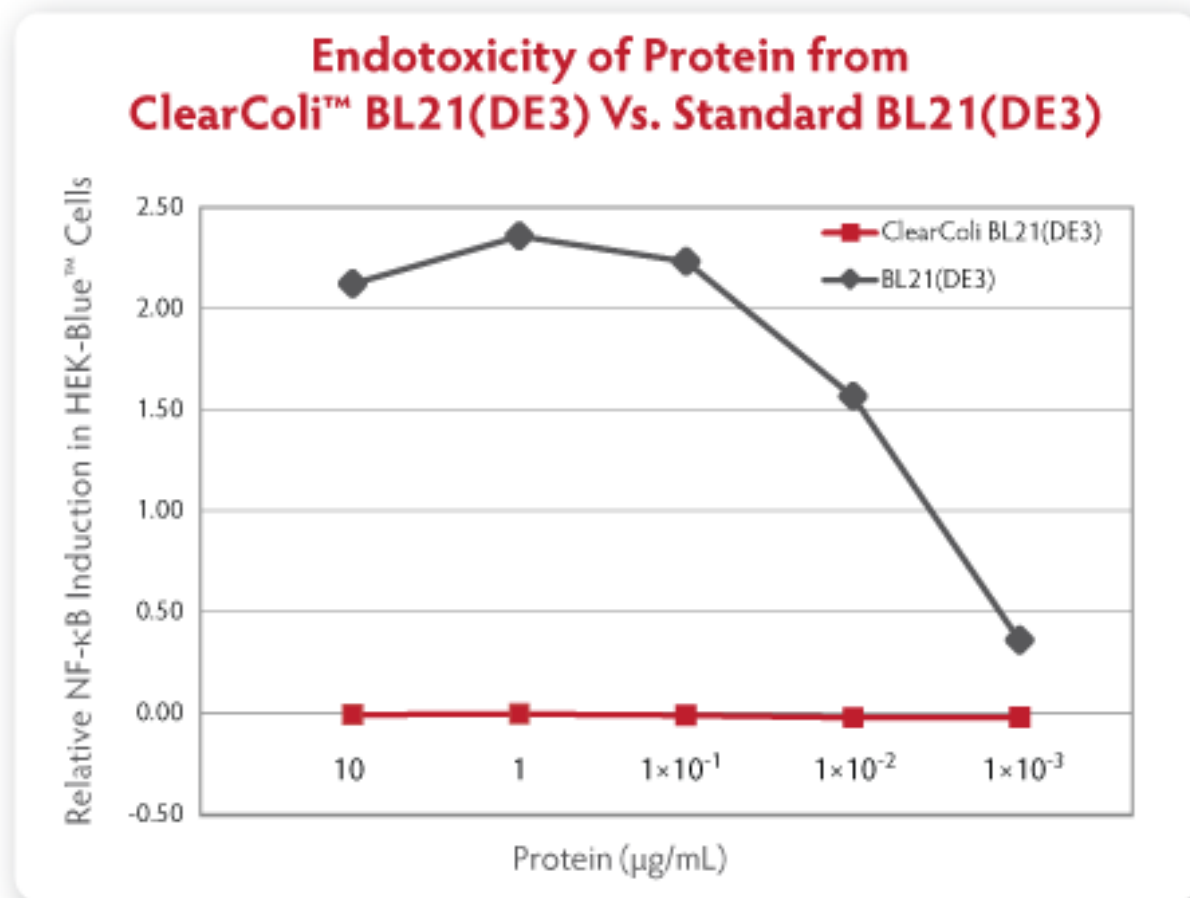


Figure. 2. Comparison of endotoxic response from protein derived from ClearColi BL21(DE3) and traditional BL21(DE3) competent cells. ApoA1 protein was expressed from a T7-promoter based plasmid in both cell types, followed by a simple Ni-column purification step and without any subsequent endotoxin removal steps. The purified proteins were then tested for Toll-Like Receptor (TLR) stimulation by assessing NF-κB activation in HEK293 cells expressing human TLR4. Protein derived from ClearColi BL21(DE3) cells demonstrated no activation at concentrations 5 orders of magnitude greater than the protein from traditional BL21(DE3) cells.

ClearColi competent cells have a genetically modified lipopolysaccharide (LPS) that disables the trigger for endotoxic response in mammalian cells. This was accomplished by incorporating seven genetic deletions that modify LPS to Lipid IV<sub>A</sub>, while one additional compensating mutation (*msbA148*) enables the cells to maintain viability in the presence of the LPS precursor lipid IV<sub>A</sub>. ClearColi BL21(DE3) cells are BL21(DE3) derived cells with several key mutations which result in significantly reduced endotoxicity. The specific set of mutations made to ClearColi cells is as follows:

***msbA148 ΔgutQ ΔkdsD ΔlpxL ΔlpxM ΔpagP ΔlpxP ΔeptA***

## Growth/Colony Characteristics of ClearColi BL21(DE3) Cells:

**ClearColi BL21(DE3) cells grow at approximately 50% of the rate of normal BL21(DE3) cells. Users should expect to see very small colonies for the first 24 hours after plating transformants.** Lucigen recommends incubating plates for 32-40 hours before picking colonies

# ClearColi<sup>®</sup> BL21(DE3) Electrocompetent Cells

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for future experiments (see Transformation Protocol and Sample Induction Protocol sections of this manual for more information). Longer growth times are necessary to reach desired cell densities prior to inducing protein expression.

In addition, users may observe some variation in colony size when plating ClearColi cells. A small portion (<2%) of colonies may be larger than the general population. These larger colonies have similar protein expression levels and endotoxin levels as the average size colonies.



## **IMPORTANT Information About Medium Formulation**

ClearColi cells have a specially engineered membrane composition and require a modified medium formulation compared to most *E. coli* strains. Consider the following:

- ClearColi cells are osmosensitive and require **1% NaCl** in their growth medium. We strongly recommend you use high salt **LB-Miller Medium** to achieve optimal growth. **LB-Miller differs from LB-Lennox**. See p.11 for the LB-Miller recipe.
- **We do not recommend growing ClearColi cells in LB-Lennox or Super broth medium. These media have resulted in slow and suboptimal cell growth.**
- **Do not** include Mg<sup>2+</sup> and Ca<sup>2+</sup> in your medium. They have been shown to inhibit growth of ClearColi cells.
- ClearColi cells tend to aggregate when grown in liquid culture. We suggest that you vortex the cell solution before measuring OD<sub>600</sub>.

## **Endotoxin and ClearColi Cells**

### **LAL Assay Testing Results**

*Limulus* amoebocyte lysate (LAL) assay testing is an FDA-approved method for detection of endotoxins and is the most common assay used. However, the LAL assay is an inappropriate method to discriminate between endotoxically active hexa-acylated LPS and endotoxically inactive tetra-acylated lipid IV<sub>A</sub>. The structural requirements for activation of the LAL cascade by endotoxins differ from those for stimulation of the human immune cell system. While the acylation pattern of LPS/lipid A is a key determinant for stimulation of human immune cells, activation of the LAL cascade only marginally, if at all, depends on the number of acyl chains. Instead, reactivity in the LAL assay requires the 4'-monophosphoryl-diglycosamine backbone structure, which is present in both hexa-acylated LPS and tetra-acylated lipid IV<sub>A</sub> of *E. coli*. As such, false positive results are due to the lack of specificity of the assay. The LAL assay recognizes a wider spectrum of LPS/lipid A variants than the central cellular endotoxin sensor system of the human immune cell system.

A simple Ni-column purification step for proteins produced from ClearColi cells significantly reduces LAL response levels. For example, Lucigen demonstrated a 99% reduction in LAL response comparing ApoA1 expressed using ClearColi cells versus *E. coli* EXPRESS BL21(DE3) Electrocompetent Cells.

# ClearColi<sup>®</sup> BL21(DE3) Electrocompetent Cells

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Cell Line	LAL Results (EU/mg)	Percent Reduction
ClearColi <sup>®</sup> Electrocompetent Cells	450	99.1%
<i>E. coli</i> EXPRESS BL21(DE3) Electrocompetent Cells	53800	

Residual EU measurements are due to the non-specific nature of the assay unless extraneous LPS contamination from other sources is present. Alternative endotoxicity assays, such as those using HEK-Blue cells (Invivogen) suggest that even in the presence of EU levels above normal thresholds targeted by researchers, the actual stimulating effects from ClearColi-derived proteins are non-existent.

Due to the non-specific nature of the LAL assay giving false positive endotoxic results with lipid IV<sub>A</sub> from ClearColi, it is suggested that researchers consider alternative physiologically relevant methods. These methods include measurement of TLR stimulation as assessed by NF- $\kappa$ B activation in HEK293 cells or Human Macrophage assays.

## Lack of Endotoxin in ClearColi Cells for Mammalian Cell Applications

Lipid IV<sub>A</sub> from ClearColi cells is incapable of inducing an endotoxic response in human immune cells. Seven separate deletions ensure that ClearColi cells cannot revert to normal LPS production. With proper controls, plasmids and proteins can be produced from ClearColi cells without need for downstream endotoxin removal steps. However, LPS contamination may be prevalent in your laboratory, and care must be taken to minimize LPS sources other than your cell strain.

While lipid IV<sub>A</sub> is known as an endotoxin antagonist in human LPS-responsive cells, it has to be taken into account that the tetra-acylated LPS precursor may act as an endotoxic activator in other mammalian hosts such as mouse, Chinese hamster or equine cells, which reflects animal species-specific recognition and stimulatory activity of lipid IV<sub>A</sub> due to species-specific differences in the structures of TLR4 and MD-2.

## Avoiding Endotoxin Contamination from Other Sources

Although ClearColi cells will not produce endotoxin, it is still possible to contaminate your end product with endotoxins from other sources. Good laboratory sterile technique can adequately control extraneous LPS contamination. Lucigen recommends the following precautions.

- Use disposable pipette tips and centrifuge tubes certified as sterile and non-pyrogenic
- Depyrogenate any glassware by heat treating at >250° for 1 hour prior to use
- Do not use purification columns or resins that have come in contact with *E. coli*
- Use reagents certified as low endotoxin or test reagents prior to use
- Use a water source that is regularly tested for endotoxin contamination
- Clean all laboratory surfaces with disinfectants

## Measuring Endotoxin Prior to Downstream Applications

In applications where minimal endotoxin levels are critical, it is strongly recommended that all normal precautions are taken. Lucigen cannot guarantee a total absence of LPS due to the possibility of contamination from other sources. Safety and downstream applications are the sole responsibility of the user.

# ClearColi<sup>®</sup> BL21(DE3) Electrocompetent Cells

## Endotoxin Removal Prior to Downstream Applications

The need for endotoxin removal steps will depend on the user's method of endotoxin measurement and application. As previously discussed, the lipid IV<sub>A</sub> of ClearColi cells does not cause an endotoxic response in human cells; however, the use of LAL testing may result in a relatively low EU measurement. Normally, a simple plasmid purification or Ni-column protein purification will be sufficient to lower LAL levels below threshold. If lower levels are desired, additional cleanup steps should be taken.

## Genotype Information

### ClearColi BL21(DE3)

F<sup>-</sup> *ompT hsdS<sub>B</sub> (r<sub>B</sub><sup>-</sup> m<sub>B</sub><sup>-</sup>) gal dcm lon λ(DE3 [lacI lacUV5-T7 gene 1 ind1 sam7 nin5]) msbA148 ΔgutQ ΔkdsD ΔlpxL ΔlpxM ΔpagP ΔlpxP ΔeptA*

## Preparation for Transformation

ClearColi Electrocompetent Cells are provided in 50 μl aliquots (DUOs), sufficient for two transformation reactions of 25 μl each. Transformation is carried out in a 0.1 cm gap cuvette. Optimal settings for electroporation are listed in the table below. Typical time constants are 3.5 to 4.5 msec.

Optimal Setting	Alternate Settings (~ 20-50% lower efficiencies)	Alternate Settings (~ 20-50% lower efficiencies)
1.0 mm cuvette 10 μF 600 Ohms 1800 Volts	1.0 mm cuvette 25 μF 200 Ohms 1400 – 1600 Volts	2.0 mm cuvette 25 μF 750 Ohms 2400 Volts

### Suggested Electroporation Systems

Bio-Rad Micro Pulser #165-2100; Bio-Rad *E. coli* Pulser #165-2102; Bio-Rad Gene Pulser II #165-2105; BTX ECM630 Electroporation System

### Suggested Electroporation Cuvettes

Successful results are obtained with cuvettes from BTX (Model 610), BioRad (Cat. #165-2089), or Eppendorf (Cat. # 4307-000-569). Users have reported difficulties using Invitrogen cuvettes (Cat.# 65-0030).

Optional transformation control reactions include electroporation with 1 μl (10 pg) of supercoiled pUC19 DNA.

To ensure successful transformation results, the following precautions must be taken:

- For best results, ligation reactions must be purified or heat killed at 70°C for 15 minutes before transformation.
- The DNA sample to be used for electroporation must be dissolved in water or a buffer with low ionic strength, such as TE. The presence of salt in the electroporation sample leads to arcing at high voltage, resulting in the loss of the cells and DNA. *NOTE: Ligation reactions performed with Lucigen's CloneDirect<sup>®</sup> Ligation Buffer (included with Lucigen's Cloning or Ligation Kits) can be used immediately after heat inactivation, without purification of the ligation products.*



# ClearColi<sup>®</sup> BL21(DE3) Electrocompetent Cells

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- Microcentrifuge tubes and electroporation cuvettes must be thoroughly pre-chilled on ice before use.
- The cells must be completely thawed **on ice** before use.
- For highest transformation efficiency, use the provided Expression Recovery Medium to resuspend the cells after electroporation. Use of TB or other media will result in lower transformation efficiencies.

## **Transformation Protocol**

Before proceeding with transformation, read **IMPORTANT Information About Medium Formulation** on page 6.

1. Have Expression Recovery Medium and 17 mm x 100 mm sterile culture tubes readily available at room temperature (one tube for each transformation reaction). Transformation efficiency may decrease with the use of SOC or other media.
2. Place electroporation cuvettes (0.1 cm gap) and microcentrifuge tubes on ice (one cuvette and one tube for each transformation reaction).
3. Remove ClearColi cells from the -80°C freezer and place on wet ice until they thaw **completely** (10-20 minutes).
4. When cells are thawed, mix them by tapping gently. Add 25 µl of ClearColi cells to the chilled microcentrifuge tube on ice.
5. Add 1 µl of DNA or heat-denatured ligation reaction to the 25 µl of cells on ice. (Failure to heat-inactivate the ligation reaction will prevent transformation.) Stir briefly with pipet tip; **do not** pipet up and down to mix, because this can introduce air bubbles and warm the cells. Use of more than 2 µl of ligation mix may cause electrical arcing during electroporation.
6. Carefully pipet 25 µl of the cell/DNA mixture into a chilled electroporation cuvette without introducing bubbles. Quickly flick the cuvette downward with your wrist to deposit the cells across the bottom of the well. Electroporate according to the conditions recommended above.
7. Within 10 seconds of the pulse, add 975 µl of Expression Recovery Medium to the cuvette and pipet up and down three times to resuspend the cells. Transfer the cells and Recovery Medium to a culture tube.
8. Place the tube in a shaking incubator at 200 - 250 rpm for 1 hour at 37°C.
9. Spread up to 100 µl of transformed cells on LB-Miller plates containing the appropriate antibiotic.
10. Incubate the plates **32-40 hours** at 37°C. Very small colonies may be visible at 24 hours.  
Note: **Do not store ClearColi strains on agar plates at 4°C for more than one week.** While cells remain viable, there is an increased lag time before growth. Transformed ClearColi strains can be stored at -80°C in LB Miller medium with the addition of 20% glycerol.
11. Transformed clones can be further grown in **LB-Miller** and the appropriate antibiotic (see p. 11 for recipe).

# ClearColi<sup>®</sup> BL21(DE3) Electrocompetent Cells

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## **Protein Induction Protocol**

1. Inoculate a single colony from a freshly streaked plate into 40 ml of **LB-Miller** medium containing the appropriate antibiotic for the plasmid and host strain. To minimize the amount of expression of the target protein prior to induction, add glucose to the growth medium at a concentration of 0.5% (w/v).
2. Incubate with shaking at 37°C overnight.
3. Inoculate 1L of LB-Miller medium (no glucose) containing the appropriate antibiotic with all 40 ml of the overnight culture prepared in step 2. Alternatively, measure the OD<sub>600</sub> of your overnight culture and inoculate to a final OD<sub>600</sub> of 0.1.
4. Incubate with shaking at 37°C until the OD<sub>600</sub> reaches 0.6 - 0.8 (approximately 4-5 hours).
5. Add IPTG to a final concentration of 0.4 – 1 mM. (Prepare a 1 M solution of IPTG by dissolving 2.38 g of IPTG in water and adjust the final volume to 10 ml. Filter sterilize before use). To determine the optimal concentration of IPTG for maximum expression of the target protein, test a range of IPTG concentrations.
6. Incubate, shaking at 37°C for 3-4 hours. To determine the optimal time for induction of the target protein, it is recommended that a time course experiment be performed varying the induction from 2-16 hours. Note: Final OD<sub>600</sub> of the ClearColi cells may be as low as 50% of that normally achieved with standard BL21(DE3) cells due to slower growth rates.
7. Place the culture on ice for 10 minutes. Harvest cells by centrifugation at 5,000 x g for 10 minutes at 4°C.
8. Remove the supernatant . Depending on your workflow and specific protein, you can proceed to:
  - a. Store the pellet at -20°C.
  - b. Store the pellet at -80°C.
  - c. Immediately continue with processing (isolation and purification of protein).

# ClearColi<sup>®</sup> BL21(DE3) Electrocompetent Cells

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## Media Recipes

### LB-Miller Culture Medium for Growth of Transformants

Per liter:           5 g yeast extract  
                      10 g tryptone  
                      10 g NaCl

Add all components to deionized water. Autoclave and cool to 55°C.

### LB-Miller Plates

Per liter:           5 g yeast extract  
                      10 g tryptone  
                      10 g NaCl  
                      15 g agar

Add deionized water to 1 liter. Autoclave and cool to 55°C before adding the appropriate filter-sterilized antibiotic (e.g. ≤ 30 mg/L kanamycin; ≤ 100 mg/L ampicillin or carbenicillin; ≤ 30 mg/L chloramphenicol).

Pour approximately 25 mL per Petri plate.

## Related Lucigen Products

- OverExpress<sup>®</sup> Competent Cells
- *E. coli*<sup>®</sup> EXPRESS BL21(DE3) Competent Cells
- *E. coli*<sup>®</sup> 10G Competent Cells

# ClearColi<sup>®</sup> BL21(DE3) Electrocompetent Cells

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ClearColi Competent cells are subject to US Patent 8,303,964 and other US and foreign pending patents.

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## Purchaser Notification Limited Use Label License ClearColi<sup>®</sup> System

The ClearColi<sup>®</sup> System is a recombinant expression platform based on strains of *Escherichia coli* (*E. coli*) that are engineered to minimize human endotoxin signaling. Patents, strains (including derivatives and progeny) and other materials related to the ClearColi System and licenses for its use to express and/or clone products are owned by Research Corporation Technologies, Inc. ("RCT"), Tucson, Arizona. Lucigen Corporation ("Lucigen") has a license from RCT to sell the ClearColi<sup>®</sup> System and related information (collectively, "ClearColi Kits") to third-parties for non-commercial research purposes only. A separate license is required for any commercial use, including use of the ClearColi Kit for research purposes in product development, product production and/or product improvement. Before using the ClearColi Kit, please read the license agreement described below. If you do not agree to be bound by its terms, contact Lucigen within 10 days for authorization to return the unused ClearColi Kit to receive a full refund. If you do agree to the terms, please visit <http://clearcoli.com/registration/> and enter the requested registration information.

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Access to the ClearColi Kit and ClearColi strains must be limited solely to those officers, employees and students of your entity who need access to perform the above-described research or evaluation. You must inform each such officer, employee and student of the provisions of this license agreement and require them to agree, in writing, to be bound by the provisions of this license agreement. You may not distribute the ClearColi Kit or any ClearColi strain contained herein or in the ClearColi Kit (or any derivative or progeny thereof), to others, even those within your own entity. You may only transfer modified, altered, or original

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ClearColi strains or material from the ClearColi Kit to a third party following written notification of, and written approval from, Lucigen and RCT so that the recipient can be properly licensed. You may not assign, sublicense, rent, lease or otherwise transfer this license agreement or any of the rights or obligations hereunder, except as expressly permitted by Lucigen and RCT.

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